

## WIFE'S NAME IS SENT TO SENATE CITY IN RUINS, ITS PEOPLE HOMELESS CATTLE LAND LERDO HELD BY REBEL SOLDIERS MEXICAN COMMISSIONERS MUST ACT TO HAVE FULL POWER TO ACT

### Santa Fe Attorneys Will Make Fight on His Confirmation.

### ARIZONA MAN WINS ON MEDICAL CORPS

Washington, D. C., May 1.—John R. McFie's nomination as associate justice of New Mexico was sent to the senate today. R. H. Hanna, representing the Santa Fe, is here to prevent McFie's confirmation, charging subservience to political influence.

### Arizona Man Named.

Joseph Elmer Bacon, of Arizona, was today nominated as first lieutenant of the medical reserve corps.

### Free List First in House.

In the house the Democrats are keeping up the rapid legislative pace and most of the week will be devoted to the farmer's free list bill. Chairman Underwood demonstrated his desire to hasten action and also to give all members a chance to be heard, by insisting upon 11 o'clock as the hour to convene instead of noon.

It is probable that debate will close Thursday or Friday. That it will pass there is no doubt, the Democratic support being almost solid, reinforced by the votes of a few progressive Republicans.

**Election of Senators.**  
The senate committee on judiciary, by a vote of 7 to 5, today agreed to report the house resolution for direct election of United States senators.

### MAY DAY STRIKES ARE IN PROGRESS

Los Angeles, Pittsburg and Havana Experience Tie-ups by Employes.

Los Angeles, Cal., May 1.—The first of the scheduled strikes of union labor in this city started today when a general walkout of union carpenters was ordered, to enforce a demand for an increase in wages of 50 cents a day. About 500 quit work. Union leaders deny any intention to call a general strike in Los Angeles at the present time.

**Shoppers Strike.**  
Pittsburg, Pa., May 1.—Employees of the Pennsylvania railroad shops went on a strike between Pittsburg and Altoona this morning. The men assert that thousands of sympathizing railroad employes will join them.

About 1500 men went out. Some train crews joined the strikers at Pittsburg. The men claim that the union is being discriminated against and their men are being discharged.

**Cartmen Strike in Havana.**  
Havana, Cuba, May 1.—More than a thousand cartmen struck this morning, tying up the wholesale business of the city. Their demands are that all cartmen be paid 100 cents a day and that all cartmen be allowed to work on Sunday.

### DECISION AFFIRMED IN TURQUOISE CASE

Washington, D. C., May 1.—The supreme court today affirmed with costs, the case of Mariano F. Sosa, vs. the American Turquoise company, appealed from the supreme court of New Mexico. It was argued April 18.

### BLATT TO WORK AT DAM AND FAMOUS CASE IS CLOSED.

When Edwin Blatt came Wednesday for the Elephant Butte dam, the Converse-Blatt affair will be a closed incident. Blatt has a job at the dam and will work there this summer, instead of returning to his home in Pittsburg.

### SECOND TRIAL OF DR. HYDE POSTPONED TO MAY 10.

Kansas City, Mo., May 1.—The second trial of Dr. B. Clark Hyde, charged with the murder of Col. Thos. Swope, was today postponed until May 10, on account of the illness of prosecutor Conkling.

### FIRE DESTROYS A GLASS FACTORY IN SAN FRANCISCO.

San Francisco, Cal., May 1.—Fire early today destroyed a large section of the Illinois Pacific glass works at 15th and Harrison streets, causing a loss of \$300,000.

### NO DECISION IN TRUST CASES.

Washington, D. C., May 1.—The supreme court today did not render a decision in either the Standard Oil or tobacco dissolution suits.

### BRIBERY IS CHARGED IN OHIO LEGISLATURE

Columbus, Ohio, May 1.—Members of the legislature are flocking into the city today because of charges made by detectives who have been here a week investigating legislative bribery, that they have unearthed the worst scandal in the history of the Ohio assembly.

A number of senators and representatives who are openly charged with accepting bribe money have denied the charges, but have not yet reached the city.

Three detectives, F. S. Harroun of New York, and A. C. Bally and David Bery of Chicago, were arraigned in police court today for alleged bribery of representative George B. Nice, and held to the grand jury.

Detective Harroun names four senators to whom he declares he paid money.

A legislative investigating committee will be appointed this afternoon. "We have stenographic copies of every word that passed between representative Nye and the other men involved," said detective Harroun today. "Twenty members of the legislature are involved in this scandal. If I had been here a week longer I would have run out of money, they are so eager for it."

### Big Rain All That Prevents Complete Destruction of Bangor, Maine.

### PROPERTY LOSS WILL REACH SIX MILLIONS

Bangor, Maine, May 1.—Homeless, wet, hungry and exhausted by a long fight against the flames which last night destroyed practically one-third of the city of Bangor, thousands of persons today faced the problem of providing themselves with food, shelter and clothing, while the city and state authorities began consideration of plans for rebuilding the city.

### Raged for Seven Hours.

The fire raged for seven hours and the estimated loss will reach six millions. One-third of the city is destroyed, including some of the finest homes in the residential part, all public buildings except the city hall, and the greater part of the retail section.

The loss of life was confined to two persons, while half a dozen were injured.

A heavy downpour of rain saved the city from complete destruction.

A company of militia is aiding the police in the protection of little heaps of furniture and clothing saved by house-holders.

### One-Third of City in Ruins.

One-third of Bangor is in ruins, thousands of persons are homeless and a property loss estimated at \$6,000,000 was sustained as the result of the conflagration, which raged for hours.

Starting in a lay shed on Broad street, the fire swept along Broad and Exchange streets through the heart of the city, leaving residences, churches, schools, business blocks and all the public buildings, with the exception of the city hall, a mass of smoking ashes.

Buildings were blown up, but the flames easily leaped the chasms thus made, and it was not until the wind, which had been blowing almost a gale during the night, shifted and a light rain fell that there was any indication that the firemen would win.

### Rain Helps Firemen.

Checked by the help from this unexpected quarter, the firemen concentrated their forces near Hammond and Central streets, nearly two miles from the start of the blaze and there the spread of the flames was checked.

While the rain and the shifting of the wind to the east saved the rest of the city, it only added to the discomforts of thousands who had seen their homes go up in flames, and who were huddled together in the burning of churches and public buildings left many of them without shelter.

The fire is considered by insurance men the worst Maine has known since the Portland fire in 1867, when a large part of the business section was destroyed with a loss of \$10,000,000.

Bangor has a population of nearly 25,000 by the 1910 census and the latest figures show a real estate valuation of \$12,555,957.

### DENVER GOVERNMENTS CONSOLIDATE

Denver, Colo., May 1.—The consolidation of the city and county of Denver governments was upheld in an opinion today by the state supreme court. This disposes of litigation that has been waged many months regarding the legality of a combined government of this character. The saving to the county will reach several thousand dollars annually.

### BIG CROWD TO GO TO THE DAM SITE

The success of the excursion to the Elephant Butte dam, which is being arranged for by the chamber of commerce, is already assured. There have been 15 business men who have agreed to make the trip on May 10 and arrangements are being made for 150 business men to go to the dam on a special train and see the progress of the work.

### FREEZING WEATHER IN THE MIDDLE WEST.

Kansas City, Mo., May 1.—Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska and parts of northern Oklahoma are shivering today from a sudden cold wave, the temperature in some points dropping 50 degrees. Freezing weather is predicted tonight in those states.

### NO ELECTION FOR SENATOR; ANTI PASS BILL IS KILLED.

Denver, Colo., May 1.—There was no election in today's senatorial ballot. The house today by a vote of 34 to 27, killed the anti-pass bill.

### Supreme Court Holds Government Has Absolute Control Over Reserves.

### DECISION ADVERSE TO THE STOCKMEN

Washington, D. C., May 1.—By holding that the federal government without consent of the state affected may set aside vast areas of public lands as forest reserve and that such reserve is not subject to the state fencing laws, the supreme court of the United States today settled two burning western issues.

Justice Lamar announced the opinion of the court as to the constitutionality of forest reserves. He said the United States has absolute right to do what it pleases with its own property; the constitution has given it such power. This control, the justice said, was not the right incident to sovereignty as claimed by the opponents of reservations, but was the exercise of a right which every citizen possesses.

Stockmen of the west lost a hard fought contest when the supreme court also decided that indictments could be brought against persons grazing stock on forest reserves without permits.

The court held that regulations of the secretary of agriculture requiring permits is not unconstitutional exercise of legislative power.

The constitutionality of the vast forest reservations of the west and the validity of the modern conservation policy, were raised early in this case in the circuit court of the United States for the district of Colorado.

### But the State Is Weak.

The United States government had brought suit to enjoin Fred Light, a prominent Colorado cattle man, from causing or permitting his cattle to trespass upon the Holy Cross forest reserve in Colorado. A stubborn contest arose and among the other defenses put forth by Light was the one that the formation of the Holy Cross reserve, without the consent of the state of Colorado, was unconstitutional. As the other vast reserves in the west had been formed by a similar process of federal action in withdrawing public land from entry, the argument applied by analogy to them.

The injunction was granted, and an appeal taken to the supreme court of the United States.

Throughout the contest, the federal government claimed that when Light turned his cattle onto his ranch, adjoining the forest reserve, he was following well defined cattle trails, in order to get grass and water, directly to the reserve where there existed superabundant grass and water supply, such practice, the government contended, was tantamount in law to light driving the cattle onto the reserve.

**Arguments of Defense.**  
The defense met the government with several arguments. In the first place, it was pointed out that the reserve had not been fenced by the government, and a Colorado law provided that no person should recover damages for trespass unless the land is fenced and enclosed. Therefore Light pointed to this law as barring the government from relief. The government retorted that the fence law applied only to individuals, and not to the state of Colorado, or to the United States. If it was meant to apply to the United States, it was argued by the government that the law was unconstitutional.

One of the major issues of the case was centered on this point.

So widespread was the interest in the case and so vital the question involved that the state of Colorado itself threw itself into the contest. Attorney General Barnett was authorized to assist Light in fighting the federal government. He did so.

The attorney general emphasized the argument before the supreme court that no provision of the constitution empowered the federal government to "conserve the national resources," by providing for a continuing timber supply, regulating the flow of streams and preserving power sites from being monopolized. He urged that the withdrawal of such large tracts of land, said to be one-fifth of the entire area of Colorado, was the denial of equality with the other states which had been allowed to exercise dominion of all the territory within their boundaries.

The peace conference, to be held in a grove west of this city, may become the most remarkable peace conference on record. While most peace conferences end in terribly disgraced rows, showing that the lovers of peace are more theoretical than practical, this particular one is destined to be most harmonious—maybe.

For lo and behold, the spirits are at work. It is generally known that Francisco Madero is a spiritualist as well as a revolutionist, also a vegetarian, a teetotaler and a few other queer things. He is a revolutionist first, but second he is a spiritualist, and right there is where comes the rub. Nobody could stop Madero from leading his brave 2000 against the gates of Ciudad Juarez, nobody made a dent on his determination until his father arrived, who by a single wave of his hand, stopped the whole affair. It is also said that Francisco Madero, the father, is a deliver in the spirit world, and if so, the spirits, not the ties of blood, are thanked for the present.

**Book Show.**  
Books, grows dense, a new light on the conference is to

### Torreón Is Prepared For a Vigorous Defence of the City Against Rebels.

### REPAIR WORK ON RAILWAY LINES

Torreón, Mex., April 25.—(By Mail.)—Pablo Lavin, who took Lerdo with 400 men at 5 a. m. today, said that he would respect all foreign interests and would move no farther until further orders. Torreón is prepared for a vigorous defence.

There is perfect order in Lerdo. All saloons are closed and streets are patrolled by rebels. Gomez Palacio is "dead," anticipating an attack. Business houses are closed and municipal offices deserted.

The Nazas river is guarded and street car communication has been abandoned between the cities of Torreón, Gomez Palacio and Lerdo.

Torreón is cut off from railroad communication in the republic, except to Mexico City. All telegraph wires are down indefinitely.

Moya himself is suffering from the wound received in his left arm in the fight at Tlatenango.

The municipal palace in Lerdo was burned, the archives being destroyed, and it is said the prisoners were liberated.

The destruction of the municipal palace was complete. The walls were torn down and the floors torn up to expose the process of the flames.

Torreón military officers continue with the fortifications, and bags of sand are being piled on the breastworks in front of the jail and the presidio. The military force is now about 1000 men, cavalry, artillery and auxiliaries. This is deemed sufficient to withstand any attack which may be made by the combined forces of the rebel chiefs.

### Repairing Railway.

Forty carloads of material have passed through Torreón for Chihuahua, where construction work was begun on the north end of the Central line of the National railways.

**More Troops in Torreón.**  
Troops which have been stationed at Villarreal, and were ordered to Torreón for the further protection of this city against invasion, have reached here, after marching overland.

At the hacienda, the property of Oscar Franco, who is on his way to Europe, has been raided by 100 men, who formed a part of the forces which surrounded San Pedro Thursday. They appropriated a number of horses and received \$5000 in cash. Mrs. Francke, wife of the proprietor and a daughter of ex-governor Praxedes de la Pena, left the ranch immediately, arriving in Torreón at midnight. The men treated the occupants of the ranch house with respect and courtesy.

### Capture of San Pedro.

That the taking of San Pedro de las Colonias was not attended by more bloodshed was largely due to the activities of Francisco Madero, brother of Francisco I. Madero, Jr. The extent of the losses is not yet determined, the estimates running from 50 to 100 federalists killed and wounded. The federal forces were ambushed, routed and utterly defeated, and the remaining riders of 15 miles after the battle from the railroad tracks.

The encounter between the rebel and federal forces occurred at San Lorenzo, a short distance from San Pedro. The residents of that wealthy village had been anticipating an attack from the insurrectionary bands for several days. The leaders were Sixto Icaide, the Matamoros barber; Gerogoria Garcia, an artisan; Gomez Palacio, and the tinsmith, Peyrera, of Torreón, with a total of 600 men. The forces drew out the federalists and placed them on the aggressive. The soldiers marched into an ambush prepared for them. The federalists numbered 125 regulars and a body of auxiliaries estimated at about 150. They fell into a trap and received the fire of the rebels from all sides. About 1 o'clock riderless horses wounded and bloodstained, but still

(Continued on page 2.)

### CHINESE INSURRECTION IS SPREADING RAPIDLY

Hong Kong, China, May 1.—The insurrection in Canton is spreading rapidly throughout the countryside. The rebels have taken three important towns in the West river district—Sam Shule, Wet Chow and Woo Chow—all of which they looted. Murder and pillage are reported in all parts of these districts.

Wu Sum, a Chinese educated in Japan, and who has adopted the dress of the western countries, is leader of the revolt against the Manchu dynasty. The brigand chief Luk is at the head of a horde of outlaws, whose object is robbery and murder.

These combined forces have thrown themselves with fanatical disregard of their lives against the troops.

The bodies of the dead lie in the streets of Canton and the stench of decomposing bodies fills the air.

### NOT FIGHTING IN SONORA

Nogales, Ariz., May 1.—Fighting has been going on for eight days at Caborcen and Pitiquito, according to reports brought here.

The first skirmish the federal killed is said to number 14 and in the second 40.

Part of the first reinforcements of the federals are said to have deserted and joined the insurrectionists.

More reinforcements have been sent to Alar.

According to a report, Diego Moreno commanded the federals to charge the rebels, though strongly intrenched. They refused, and when berated are said to have chastised Moreno with a rawhide and to have then joined the rebels.

### DOUGLAS CONFIRMS THE NEWS.

Douglas, Ariz., May 1.—Reports tell of desperate fighting yesterday in the towns of Pitiquito and Caborcen, Sonora, between federals and insurrectionists, in which the insurrectionists were defeated, the federals occupying both towns. The federals used machine guns.

### BOTH SIDES WAIT FOR THE ATTORNEYS

### No Date Is Yet Definitely Fixed for Alleged Dynamiting Trial.

Los Angeles, Cal., May 1.—Although important legal developments were expected soon in the cases of John J. McNamara, secretary of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, and his brother, James J. McNamara, charged with dynamiting outrages, no further plans of either the prosecution or the defence were definitely announced today and both sides seemed waiting for attorneys before taking any formal legal steps. No date was fixed positively for the arraignment of the men, nor was it known to which judge of the superior court their cases would be allotted.

District attorney Fredericks is not expected to ask for the arraignments before the arrival, about the middle of the present week, of his assistant, W. Joseph Ford, from Indianapolis.

The defence is awaiting the arrival here of Clarence Darrow of Chicago, or some of his representatives. Andrew J. Gallagher and R. H. Rosenthal, labor leaders of San Francisco, have come here to confer with union men of Los Angeles regarding the charges against the McNamara brothers.

**Ford Ends Investigation.**  
Chicago, Ill., May 1.—Assistant district attorney Ford, of Los Angeles, who has been in Chicago and Indianapolis for 10 days investigating the evidence collected by detective Burns against the alleged dynamiters of the Times building, has departed for the coast city.

Mr. Ford said J. J. McNamara, James McNamara and Ortle E. McManigal would be arraigned as soon as he arrived in Los Angeles.

**To Raise Defence Fund.**  
Indianapolis, Ind., May 1.—Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, who is here in conference with labor leaders, said the McNamara case was discussed and that it was decided for the executive council of the American Federation of Labor to take charge of a defence fund which would be raised by contributions from the labor organizations of the country.

A meeting of the executive council is to be called soon by Mr. Gompers, who said the session probably would be held here.

### INSANITY CHARGED TO PROMINENT MAN

Washington, D. C., May 1.—A petition to have adjudged insane Stilson Hutchins, founder of the St. Louis Times, Washington Post, Washington Times and once prominently connected with the Des Moines, Iowa, State Journal, Dubuque Herald and St. Louis Dispatch, was granted here today, the writ being returnable May 4.

Mr. Hutchins is a multi-millionaire and was an organizer and the chief promoter of the Mergenthaler Linotype

### ALFONSO IS ILL WITH TUBERCULOSIS

Paris, France, May 1.—L'Intransigent claims that king Alfonso is gravely ill with tuberculosis and that at a recent consultation of his physicians it was decided that urgent measures of treatment were necessary and also that the Spanish monarch should pass the coming winter at Locarno, Switzerland, where the climate is better adapted to his condition.

### RAIN PREVENTS THREE BIG GAMES

Rain prevented three big league games today as follows:  
National league—Cincinnati-St. Louis; Pittsburg-Chicago, rain at both places.  
American league—Chicago-St. Louis, rain and wet grounds.

### MAZATLAN NOW IN HANDS OF REBELS

Nogales, Ariz., May 1.—Mazatlan is in the hands of the rebels, according to reports here. No details are known, except that word went from Thomas Paschal, agent for the Southern Pacific company at Mazatlan, formerly of Nogales, to his father in El Paso that no Americans in the city were harmed during the battle.

It is stated that American residents had some fear for their safety from the riff raff mobbing element, but not from the revolting element.

The wires are down and no trains can leave the city, either going north or south.

### Dr. Gomez Declares There Is No Truth in Reports Circulated About War.

### NO AMERICAN CASH BELIEVED IN IT

Preparations in Madero's Camp for the Peace Conference to Open.

Upon whether Judge Carabajal, the government peace envoy who is expected here tonight, comes with full authority to act for president Diaz, depends in a large measure the probability of peace terms being agreed upon by the end of the week.

That the insurrectionists are more than willing to end hostilities is not denied, but they will not treat with Carabajal unless he comes with full power.

The meeting place of the conference lies on the Mexican side of the Rio Grande, amid a grove of willows—opposite old Fort Bliss.

Charges reported to have been made on the floor of the Mexican congress in Mexico City that American capital and American soldiers have been the chief bulwark of the Mexican revolution were answered by insurrection leaders at the Madero camp across the river today with the assertion that apparently an attempt was being made to stimulate anti-American sentiment in Mexico City.

Dr. Vasquez Gomez, who has been named to head the insurrectionist peace commission spent the morning in conference with Francisco I. Madero, Jr., and other insurgent leaders preparing the revolutionary program which will be presented to the federal peace envoys in the initial conference tomorrow, immediately after his talk with the insurrectionist chiefs, Dr. Vasquez Gomez said.

"I have heard many charges since the revolution began that the Standard Oil company and other American corporations have supplied funds in support of the revolutionist program which will be presented by telegrams that in the chambers of deputies charges of this kind have been renewed. I wish to deny emphatically that a dollar of American money has been used. I know federal sympathizers are at a loss to understand where our money has come from but they do not realize, apparently, the strength of the revolutionist cause throughout Mexico."

"As for American soldiers, they really are a very small minority in our forces. And it is only natural that some foreigners should be found fighting in the cause of liberty. Why, in our own country for independence, Gen. Mina, the Mol of the hour, was a foreigner. Did not the United States in its revolutionary war have the services of Gen. Lafayette, Kosciuszko, Van Steuben and others?"

"Some attempt, it seems, is being made in Mexico City to stir up anti-American sentiment. This is a most deplorable condition of affairs. I had an opportunity while in Washington to observe closely the machinery of the American government in the Mexican situation, and I am able to state that the American government especially in the case of Friest incident and in its general policy during the insurrection has maintained a consistent attitude of international friendliness. I sincerely hope that some day may the friendship of the two republics will not be imperiled by the internal affairs of Mexico."

### CORRAL DENIES THE INTERVIEW

The Mexican Vice President Says He Did Not Criticize Americans.

Paris, France, May 1.—Vice president Corral, of Mexico, arrived here today and in a statement to the Associated Press denied that he had ever given an interview at Santander or elsewhere in which he criticized Americans as having fomented the revolution in Mexico.

"The alleged interview was a pure invention unworthy of notice," said senator Corral.

Asked whether he intended to resign the vice presidency, Corral said he had no intention of doing so, but could not, of course, speak for the future. He had come to Europe to receive medical attendance, he said.

### Spooks to beat Peace Conference

Only One Drawback About It All; Diaz Not a Spiritualist

By T. G. Turner

"Now, gentlemen, we will present the dove of peace. Please do not light matches, so that the darkness will be complete."

The peace conference, to be held in a grove west of this city, may become the most remarkable peace conference on record. While most peace conferences end in terribly disgraced rows, showing that the lovers of peace are more theoretical than practical, this particular one is destined to be most harmonious—maybe.

For lo and behold, the spirits are at work. It is generally known that Francisco Madero is a spiritualist as well as a revolutionist, also a vegetarian, a teetotaler and a few other queer things. He is a revolutionist first, but second he is a spiritualist, and right there is where comes the rub. Nobody could stop Madero from leading his brave 2000 against the gates of Ciudad Juarez, nobody made a dent on his determination until his father arrived, who by a single wave of his hand, stopped the whole affair. It is also said that Francisco Madero, the father, is a deliver in the spirit world, and if so, the spirits, not the ties of blood, are thanked for the present.

**Book Show.**  
Books, grows dense, a new light on the conference is to

be a spook show, if some persons have their way. Rogelio Fernandez, Mexican consul at Baltimore, has come all the way to El Paso in the interest of peace, representing the Second Congress of Spiritualists, of which he is an officer. He is a hater of the war, and that Fernandez, who is a Costa Rican by nationality, has some ghosts locked up in his trunk, and that one of the spooks is a man by the name of the bell boy.

At least John says so, and consul Fernandez does not deny it.

With Fernandez as a go-between great things will be done in the spirit world, all in the interest of peace and harmony. D. C. and his now Mexican member of the Second Congress of Spiritualists, and another member is Francisco de la Barra, who then represented the Mexican government at Washington, D. C. and is now Mexican foreign minister. See the point the vast significance of the thing? Those spooks locked up in the trunk, are going to be mediums between the spirits of Madero, the rebel, and de la Barra, the federal, and peace will be assured. In the world of spirits nothing is wonderful, and peace is such a simple, easygoing sort of thing—according to spiritualists.

**Real Spirits Expected.**  
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